



Vedanta Limited

Corporate Presentation

March 2016

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Overview and Key Investment Highlights

Vedanta Limited Overview



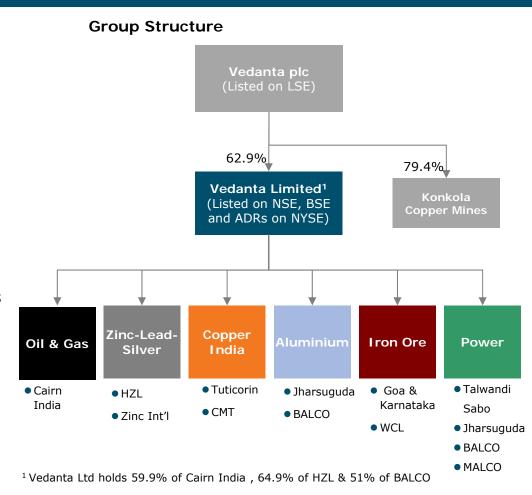
- One of the world's largest diversified natural resource companies
 - Operations across India, Africa, Australia and Europe
- Market leadership in various commodities in India. India market share:

– Zinc: 75%+

- Aluminium: 45%+

Copper: 30%+

- Operating c.27% of India's crude oil production
- Maintain strong liquidity with cash and liquid investments of \$7.6bn and a balanced debt maturity profile
- Positively contributing to India
 - Contribution of \$4.6bn to Indian Exchequer
 - Direct and Indirect employment to c.70,000
 - Community investment of \$28mn benefiting 2.8mn people globally







Safety and Sustainability



Safety

- 2 fatalities in Q3 FY2016; 8 fatalities in FY2016 (YTD)
- LTIFR for 9M 2016 higher due to shift to ICMM 2014 Health & Safety methodology
- Focus on bringing in a culture of Zero-Harm
 - Making Better Risk Decisions (MBRD) session#1 pilots were conducted at Jharsuguda & Tuticorin

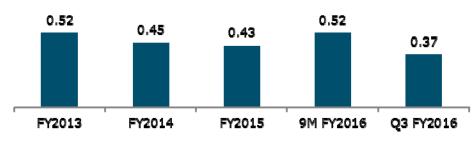
Environmental Management

- Zero higher category (Cat# 4&5) environmental incidents
- Review of all Dams, Dyke and Tailing ponds post Samraco Incident
- Focus on resources efficiency, process innovation and technological interventions on Waste, Water and Energy.
- Climate Change
 - Evaluating and updating our Carbon Strategy in line with the host country regulations

Community Relations

- Peer benchmarking study conducted on our "License to Operate" in partnership with School of Public and Environment Affairs (SPEA), Indiana University
- Supporting UN Women's Empowerment Principles and Sustainable Development Goals.
- Baseline studies conducted across operations to ensure relevance of current community projects aligned to Vedanta's 'Social License to Operate'.
- Group wide project Model Angandwadi on track with 50 Anganwadis to be completed by March 2016.

LTIFR (per million man-hours worked)



Note: Numbers for FY2016 higher on adoption of ICMM 2014 methodology



Leadership Drive: Safety Officer at Jharsuguda

Key Investment Highlights



6. Proven Track Record

5. Well-Invested
Asset Base:
significant growth
with minimal
capex

1. Diversified, Low Cost, Tier-I Assets



4. Relentless focus on opex, capex and FCF optimisation

2. Attractive Commodity Mix

3. Exposure to India's Growth Story & Mining Potential

1. Diversified, Low-Cost, Tier-I Assets



Global Positioning	LTM Dec 2016 Production	Full Capacity ¹	LTM Dec 2016 EBITDA	Sustainable Cash Cost Position	Consensus LT price ⁴
Zinc India India's largest & world's second largest zinc miner	969kt	1.2mtpa	\$950mn	Lowest Quartile	\$2,154/t
Zinc Intl . One of the largest undeveloped zinc deposits	253kt	400ktpa	\$66mn	Lower Half	\$2,154/t
Silver One of the leading silver producers	374 tonnes (12.0 mn oz)	500 tonnes (16 mn oz.)	\$163mn	By-product	\$17.8/oz.
Oil & Gas India's largest private-sector crude oil producers	212kboepd	225+ kboepd ²	\$569mn	Lowest Quartile	\$64/bbl
Iron Ore Largest private sector exporter in India (pre-ban)	2.7mt ³	20.5mtpa	\$5mn	Lowest Quartile	\$53/t
Aluminium Strategically located large-scale assets with integrated power	926kt	2.3mtpa	\$141mn	Lower Half; Lowest Quartile with captive bauxite	\$1,979/t
Copper - India One of the largest single location custom smelters	379Kt	400kt	\$343mn	Lowest Quartile	\$6,211/t
Power One of India's largest thermal power producers	11.2bn units	9 GW (c.3 GW commercial)	\$140mn	Competitive cost	NA

Notes

2. Expected capacity for currently producing assets, subject to approvals

^{1.} Includes announced expansions; Iron ore shown at pre-ban EC capacity of 14.5mt in Goa and 6mt in Karnataka. Current EC capacity at 5.5mt in Goa and 2.3mt in Karnataka

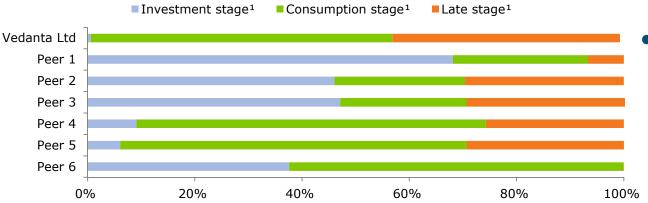
^{3.} LTM 9M FY2016 Sales

^{4.} Consensus Economics – February 2016

2. Attractive Commodity Mix

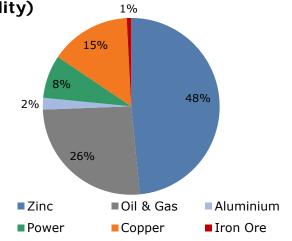


Exposure to an attractive commodity mix (Based on EBITDA contribution)



- Stability of earnings by diversifying across commodities with different economic cycles
- Well-balanced exposure to:
 - Consumption related commodities like aluminium, zinc, and copper
 - Late-stage commodities like power and oil & gas, which have stable and secular growth trends and are more mature

Diversified earnings (9M FY 2016 EBITDA² contribution by commodity) 1%



Commodities price and forecast



Source: Company presentations and filings, FactSet, Bloomberg

¹ Investment stage includes: Iron Ore, Coal; Consumption stage includes: Copper, Nickel, Aluminium and Zinc; Late stage includes: Platinum, Diamonds, O&G and Power

Peers include Anglo American, BHP Billiton, Glencore, Rio Tinto (split as per EBITDA contribution), Freeport McMoran and Teck Resources (split on revenue contribution) reported as on Dec 2015 ² Excluding provisions for previous periods relating to Renewable Power Obligation (RPO) of \$64mn ³ Analyst consensus

3a. Exposure to India Growth Story



Strong Macroeconomic Indicators

- India is the fastest growing major economy (IMF)
- India was no.1 FDI destination in H1 CY2015 (EY)
 - Capital inflows of US\$31 bn in H1 CY2015
- Lower inflation, lower energy costs and further interest rate cuts to fuel economic growth

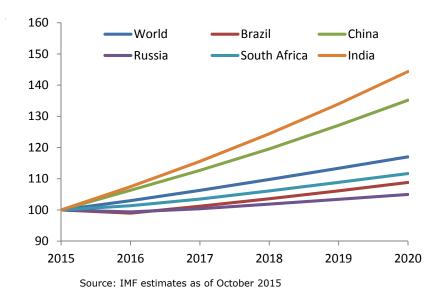
What has happened?

- Electrifying India through 22,000km transmission lines
- Highway projects of c.8,000km awarded (3,621km in FY14)
- Record increase in Coal production

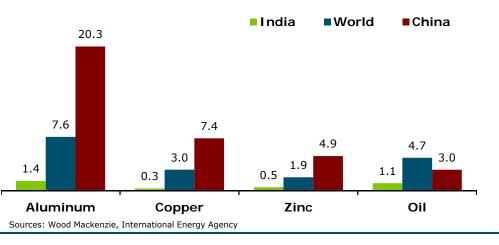
Government priorities and targets

- Housing for all by 2022: 60m houses in urban and rural areas
- Road and railway infrastructure: To spend Rs 2.18 trillion on roads and railways
- Electrification: 100% electrification of villages by 2018
- Make in India: Import substitution and employment generation
- Digital India: Digitally empowered society and knowledge economy
- Smart cities: Large investment in urban infrastructure
- Power for all by 2019: Focus on energy efficiency, smart grids, coal and gas availability and renewable energy

Indian GDP to grow 44% by 2020, highest among the BRICS



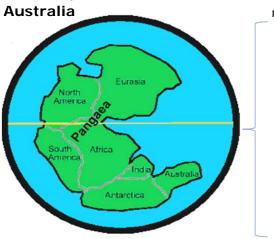
Per Capita Consumption: Significant scope for India to catch up (CY 2015 per capita consumption in kg; Oil - CY2015 per capita consumption in barrels)



3b. India's Untapped Mining Potential



India: Shared geology and mineral potential with Africa &

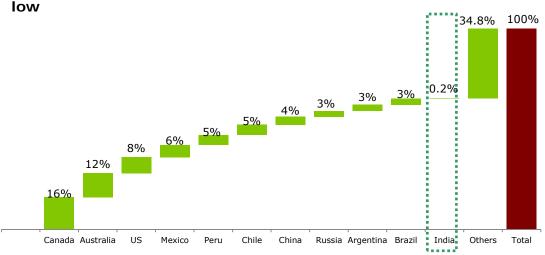


India reserves ranking

Global Ranking¹ based on



India's share of global non-ferrous exploration spending very low



Aeromagnetic Studies done since 1990

India vs. Australia

	Australia	India
Area (mn km²)	7.7	3.3
Surveys (mn km²)	6.9	0.6
Coverage (%)	90	18
Data-Availability	Digital – Available	Hardcopy - Restricted

Recent Regulatory Developments

- Auction of natural resources commenced under the new MMRDA Act passed in January 2015
 - Vedanta won auction for a small gold deposit
 - Mineral exploration rights to be auctioned
- O&G
 - Revenue sharing regime replacing production sharing model for the auctioning of 69 marginal fields
 - Incentivizing gas discovery and production
 - Cess changed from c.\$9.5 per barrel to 20% ad valorem
- Iron Ore: Mining re-commenced in Goa, first export shipment made in Oct 2015
 - Export duty reduced from 10% to nil
 - Working with government to reduce duplicate levies & increase mining caps

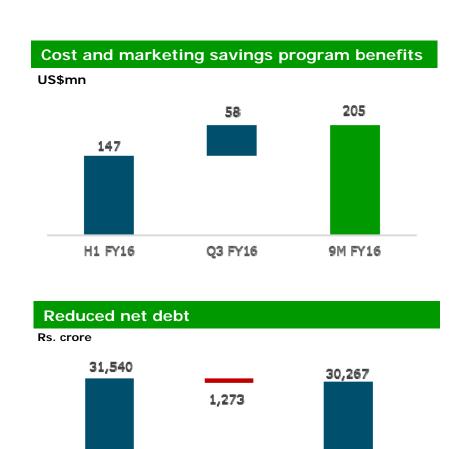
Source: SNL Metals Economics Group, Wood Mackenzie, GOI Ministry of Mines, BP Statistical Review June 2013, U.S. Geological Survey, Planning Commission, 12th Five Year Plan, ¹Ranking based on reserves ²MoPNG presentation to Consultative Committee, December 2014, Putting India on the growth path: Unlocking the mining potential report by Mckinsey and Company, December 2014

4. Relentless focus on opex, capex and FCF optimisation in current market environment



Pragmatic decisions in current market conditions

- Maintained 1st/2nd quartile cost positions across major businesses
- Cost restructuring and optimisation at all businesses
- Commissioned new power plant at BALCO and replaced old plant 270MW, reducing power cost
- Rolled product facility at BALCO temporarily suspended for significant fixed cost savings
- Single stream operations at Lanjigarh alumina refinery for significant cost savings
- Reduced capex at oil and gas; capex savings at Gamsberg due to renegotiations



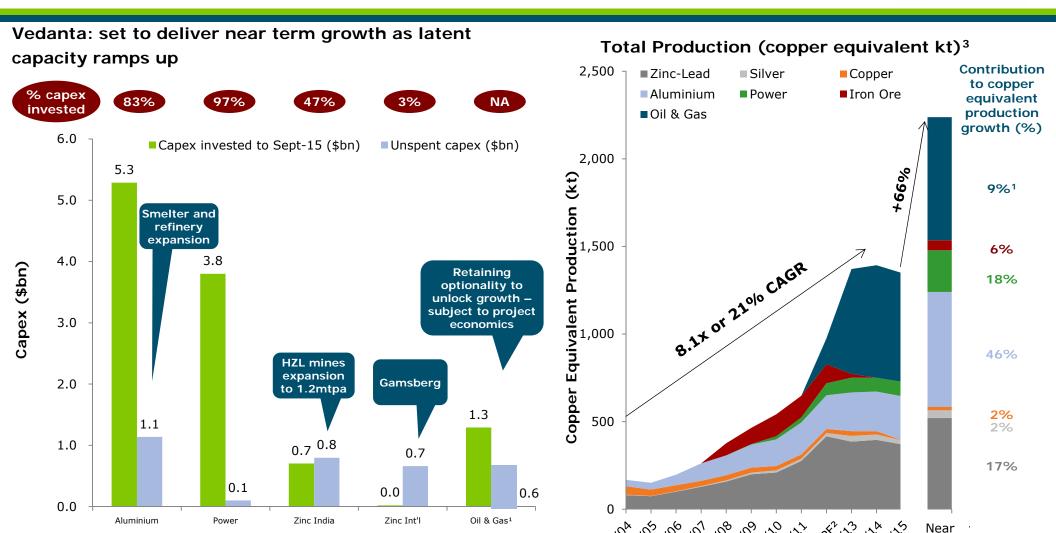
9M FY16

Mar'15

Dac'15

5. Well-Invested Asset Base: significant growth with minimal capex





term

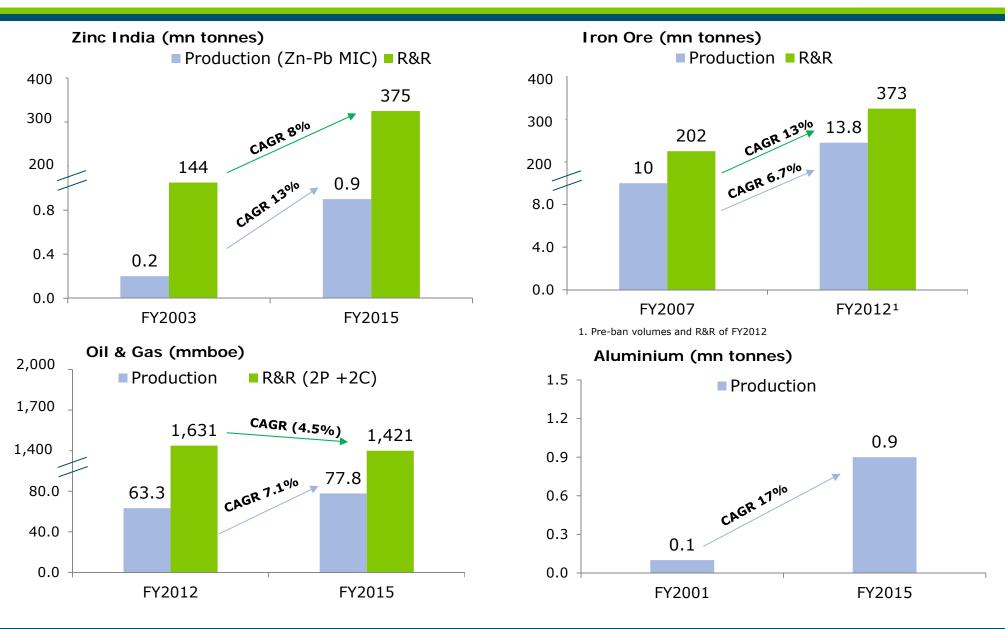
¹ Based on currently announced \$800mn of capex at Cairn India, of which \$200 mn was spent in H1 FY2016

² PF refers to pro-forma for Cairn India acquisition

³ All commodity and power capacities rebased to copper equivalent capacity (defined as production x commodity price / copper price) using average commodity prices for FY2015. Power rebased using FY2015 realisations, copper custom smelting capacities rebased at TC/RC for FY2015, iron ore volumes refers to sales with prices rebased at average 56/58% FOB prices for FY2015

6. Proven Track Record: Production Growth and Exploration









Financial Review

Financial Priorities and Highlights



Financial Priorities



Disciplined Capital Allocation: Optimising capex, focus on FCF



Deleveraging



Cost Savings



Group Structure Simplification



Focused on Shareholder Returns

Financial Highlights

- Robust EBITDA margins¹ at 30% in a volatile commodity market
- Maintain strong liquidity with cash and liquid investments of \$7.6bn and a balanced debt maturity profile
- Achieved \$200 mn cost savings and marketing synergies in 9M FY2016
- Diversified pool of funding:
 - Equity listed on NSE & BSE, with ADR's on NYSE
 - Access to capital markets
 - c. 50% of debt funding is from strong base of Indian and global relationship banks and financial institutions
- Conservative financial metrics:
 - Net Debt to EBITDA at 2.0x²
 - Net Gearing ratio of 26%
- Disciplined approach to capital allocation
- Interim dividend for FY2016 increased by 100% per share over FY2015

Note: 1. Excludes custom smelting at Copper India and Zinc-India operations

2. EBITDA on LTM basis

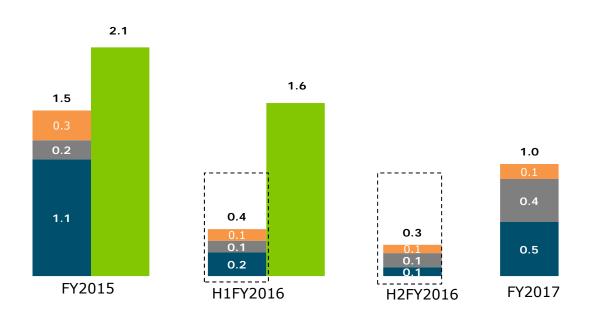
Focus on free cash flow post capex



- Free cash flow of \$1.6 bn before capex during 9M FY2016 in a volatile commodity price environment
- Prioritised capital to high-return, low-risk projects to maximise cash flows
 - Further cut in FY2016 capex to \$0.7bn from \$1.0bn
- Capex:
 - o Oil & Gas
 - FY2016 capex further revised down to \$0.3 bn from \$0.5bn
 - FY2017 capex at \$0.5bn
 - Gamsberg project rephased based on modular approach
 - FY2016 capex revised to c.\$40mn from c.\$80mn
 - FY2017 capex in the range of \$60mn to \$100m







Notes: 1. Capex net to Cairn India; subject to Government of India approval;

- 2. M&M refers to Metals and Mining and Power, excludes Zinc
- 3. Free cash flow after sustaining capex but before growth capex

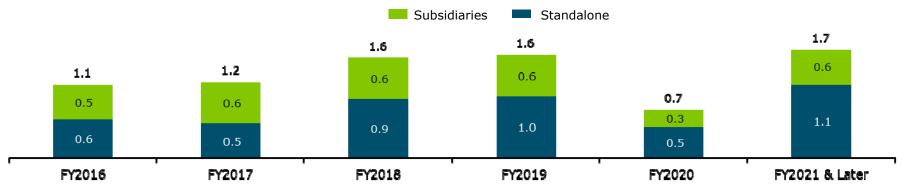
Optimising Capex to drive Cash Flow Generation

Balance Sheet and Maturity Profile



Maturity Profile of Term Debt (\$7.9bn)

(as of 31st December 2015)



External term debt of \$7.9bn (\$4.6bn at Standalone and \$3.3bn at Subsidiaries)

Maturity profile shows external term debt at book value (excludes working capital of \$2.1bn and inter-company debt from Vedanta plc of \$2.2bn¹)

- Strong liquidity: Cash and liquid investments of \$7.6 bn and \$0.7 bn of undrawn committed facilities
- FY2016 maturities of \$1.1bn to be met through:
 - o \$0.6bn of committed term loans
 - \$0.25bn of cash and liquid investments (at Vedanta Ltd standalone)
 - Balance of \$0.25bn to be met through a combination of undrawn committed facilities and term loans in process of being tied up
- Average cost of borrowing reduced by c. 34bps during 9M FY2016
- Initiatives taken to extend maturities and reduce short term debt

Debt breakdown as of 31 Dec 2015	(in \$bn)
External term debt	7.9
Working capital	2.1
Inter company loan from Vedanta Plc ¹	2.2
Total consolidated debt	12.2
Cash and Liquid Investments	7.6
Net Debt	4.6

Notes: 1. Repaid further \$400 mn inter company loan in Jan 2016 and the balance outstanding as of date is \$1.8 bn





Business Review

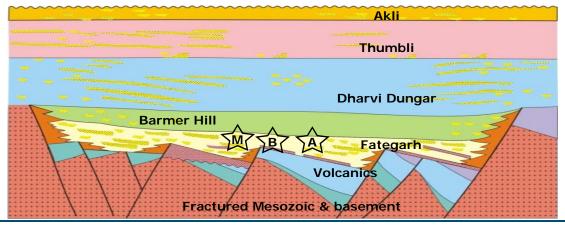
Oil: World Class, Low-Cost Operations in India



Overview of Operations

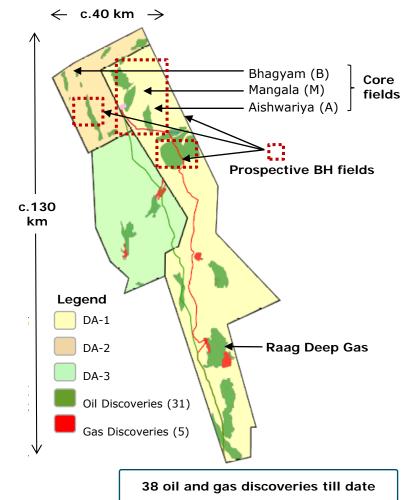
- Best in class opex at c.US\$6/boe in 9M FY2016 for water flood in Rajasthan
- Well cost cut by c.15%: Realized better cost efficiency for drilling & completion of wells at Barmer Hill tight reservoir formation over 1 year
- Mangala EOR program in full swing: Polymer injection ramped up from 200,000 blpd to 330,000 blpd
- Raag Deep Gas Development:
 - Production potential of 15-20,000 boepd
 - Signed an agreement with Gujarat State Petronet for pipeline, reduces capex by c.\$100mn
- Engaging with Government to:
 - Review levies given the shift in oil prices
 - Realise fair value of Rajasthan crude

Multiple RJ formations & play types



Rajasthan Block

c.3,111 km² block with rich set of options



18

Zinc: Attractive Fundamentals



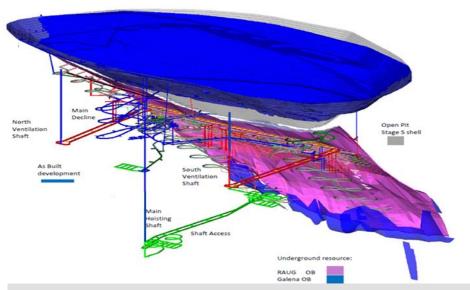
Zinc market is expected to be in a state of deficit

- Zinc has the strongest fundamentals across commodities
- Mine closures, supply shortages to support prices, c.5% of global mined zinc already offline with end of life of Lisheen and Century mines
- Refined zinc demand exceeded supply in 2014, a trend set to continue till 2018
- Exchange stocks of refined zinc metal are at low levels
- Zinc TcRc's much lower for 2016, on tightening concentrate supply

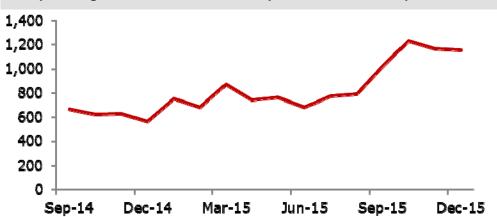
Vedanta: Well positioned in Zinc-Lead-Silver

- FY 2016 mined and refined volumes expected to be higher than FY2015; 350-400t of silver production expected in FY2016
- RAM and SK shaft projects are progressing well
- Continued to maintain lowest decile COP at \$795/t:
 - Projects undertaken for improving productivity and efficiency now beginning to manifest into lower COP
- Zinc International's 250kt Gamsberg Project: Modular approach followed with optionality to scale up
 - Rephased FY2016 capex, and reduced overall project capex by \$100mn

Rampura Agucha Mine Isometric



Rampura Agucha U/G Mine Development (in meters per month)



Aluminum: Low-cost producer, ramping up production



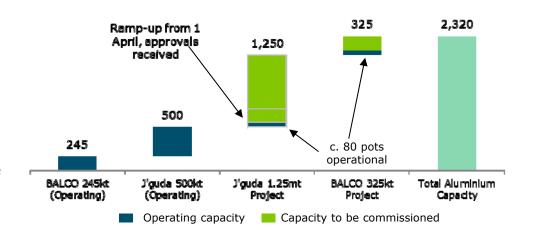
Global Demand and Supply Dynamics

- Capacity closures by several major producers
- Cost curve suggests >45% of world capacity at loss based on current LME, will drive supply adjustments

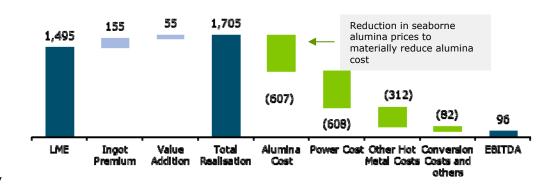
Vedanta: Volume ramp-up and cost optimization

- Maintained EBITDA margin of c.\$100/t in last 2 quarters in a weak LME environment, with continuous cost optimisation
- 1.25mt Jharsuguda-II smelter: Plan to commence ramp up of 1st line of 312kt from 1st April and will evaluate further ramp-up
 - Received approval for usage of power from 2400 MW Jharsuguda power plant for captive purposes
- 325kt BALCO-II smelter: will evaluate ramp-up as cost structure becomes competitive despite low prices
- Aggressive cost reduction drive through optimization of operations and driving efficiencies, product mix optimization, and synergies across locations
 - High-cost rolled product facility at BACLO suspended
 - Single stream operations at Lanjigarh refinery
- Lower alumina and other input cost benefits to flow in next few quarters
- Aluminium Association engaging with GOI on increasing import duty in light of surging imports
- Bauxite: Commence production from laterite mines in early FY17

Vedanta: Roadmap to 2.3mtpa Aluminium Capacity (in ktpa)



Aluminium Costs and Margins (in \$/t, for Q3 FY2016)



Copper and Iron Ore



Copper Operations

- One of the most efficient custom smelters globally, located in Tuticorin, India
 - 400kt Cathode, with a capacity to make 250 kt of value added rods
 - 1.3 mtpa Sulphuric Acid; c.50% used to make 0.23 mtpa Phosphoric Acid
- Positioned in the lowest cost quartile
- Strong TC/RC outlook and acid realisations

Iron ore operations

- Average Fe Grade: 56% to 58%
- Integrated infrastructure with proximity to port at Goa; proximity to large domestic steel industries at Karnataka
- Approvals in place for production of 5.5mtpa saleable ore
- Mining resumed in Q2 FY2016 with first export shipment Oct 2015
- Progressive ramp up of production
 - Cost reduction initiatives being pursued
- Export duty removed and working closely with Government to resolve:
 - Duplication of taxes: Goa Permanent Fund and DMF
 - EC limits/mining cap enhancements



Map of Facilities



Hon. Chief Minister of Goa flags off Vedanta's 1st shipment of Iron Ore in October

Power



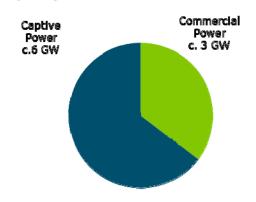
Vedanta: Efficient operator of thermal power plants

- Power vertical set up to leverage synergies across the 9GW portfolio
- 1980 MW TSPL Plant in Punjab:
 - Offtake committed by Punjab state, ensuring stable margins
 - Unit-I & II to continue to operate at high availability of c. 80%
 - Unit III expected to be synchronized by end of FY2016
- BALCO 600MW IPP
 - 1st 300MW unit operational, PPA's signed
 - 2nd 300MW unit expected to be synchronized in Q4

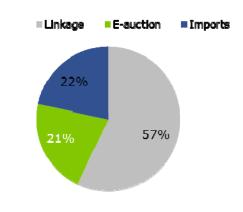
Coal Outlook

- Currently consuming c. 23mtpa coal; 45mt at full capacity
- Chotia coal block (1 mtpa) at BALCO commenced mining, overburden removal in progress
- Coal supply scenario
 - Coal available for IPP's with PPA; CPPs still facing shortages
 - Continued reduction in imported coal prices
 - E-auction prices remain high

Power Generation Capacity: c. 9 GW



Q3 FY2016 Coal Mix (5.5mt)





Talwandi Sabo Power Plant





Production Growth and Asset optimisation

- Disciplined approach towards ramp up: positive FCF at each segment a top priority



Deliver the Balance Sheet

- Optimising opex and capex to maximise cash flows
- Deliver cost and marketing savings of US\$1.3bn
- Reduce net gearing and efficiently refinance upcoming maturities



Simplification of the Group structure

- Merger with Cairn India improves our ability to allocate capital to highest return projects
- Pursue further simplification



Protect and preserve our License to Operate

- Achieve zero harm
- Obtain local consent prior to accessing resources



Identify next generation of Resources

Disciplined approach towards exploration

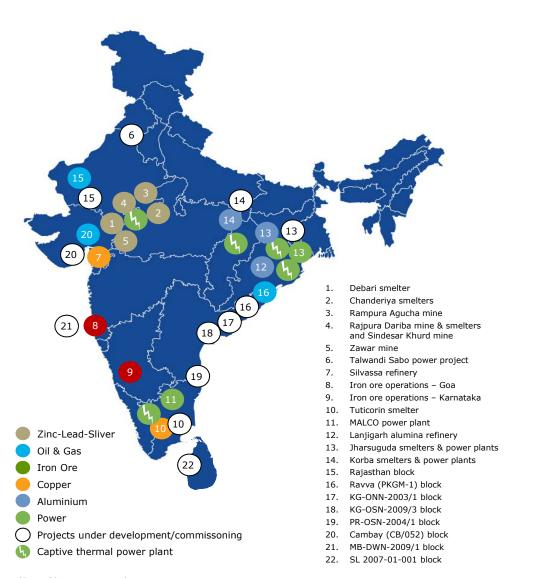




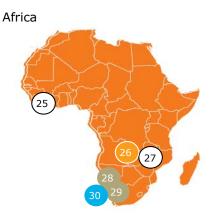
Appendix

Geographical Overview









- 25. Iron Ore project, Liberia
- 26. 27. Konkola and Nchanga copper mines & Nchanga smelter, Zambia (Part of Vedanta Resources Plc)
- 28. Skorpion mine, Namibia
- 29. Black Mountain mine, South Africa
- 30. South Africa Block 1

Entity Wise Cash and Debt



(in Rs. Crore)

	31 March 2015		30 September 2015			31 December 2015			
Company	Debt	Cash & LI	Net Debt	Debt	Cash & LI	Net Debt	Debt	Cash & LI	Net Debt
Vedanta Limited Standalone	37,636	840	36,796	39,394	2,194	37,200	42,645	3,055	39,590
Zinc India	-	27,192	(27,192)	-	30,404	(30,404)	-	28,214	(28,214)
Zinc International	-	857	(857)	-	1,041	(1,041)	64	673	(609)
Cairn India	-	17,040	(17,040)	-	18,116	(18,116)	-	18,643	(18,643)
BALCO	5,456	2	5,454	5,731	75	5,656	5,949	25	5,924
Talwandi Sabo	6,541	152	6,389	6,896	195	6,701	7,440	8	7,432
Twin Star Mauritius Holdings Limited ¹ and Others ²	28,119	129	27,990	27,412	303	27,109	24,854	67	24,787
Vedanta Limited Consolidated	77,752	46,212	31,540	79,433	52,328	27,105	80,952	50,685	30,267

Notes: Debt numbers at Book Value and excludes inter-company eliminations.

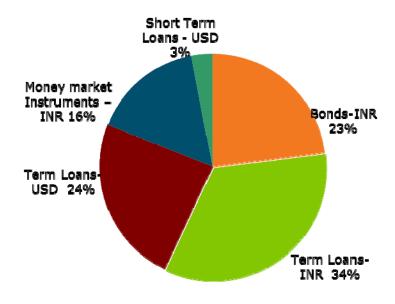
^{1.} As on 31 December, debt at TSMHL comprised Rs.9,120 crore of bank debt and Rs. 14,800 crore of debt from Vedanta Resources Plc

^{2.} Others includes MALCO Energy, CMT, VGCB, Sesa Resources, Fujairah Gold, and Vedanta Limited's investment companies.

Debt Breakdown & Funding Sources



Diversified Funding Sources for Term Debt of \$ 7.9bn (as of 31 December 2015)



- External term debt of \$4.6bn at Standalone and \$3.3bn at Subsidiaries, total consolidated \$7.9bn
- INR debt: 50%; USD debt: 50%

Debt Breakdown

(as of 31 December 2015)

Debt breakdown	(in \$bn)
External term debt	7.9
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Note: USD-INR: Rs. 66.3 at 31 Dec2015





Event	Completion		
BSE, NSE and SEBI approvals sought	☑ Q2 CY2015		
BSE, NSE and SEBI approvals	☑ Q3 CY2015		
Application to High Court in India	☑ Q4 CY2015		
Vedanta plc posting of UK Circular	□ Q1 CY2016		
Vedanta plc EGM	□ Q1 CY2016		
Vedanta Limited and Cairn India shareholder meetings	□ Q1 CY2016		
Foreign Investment Promotion Board approval	□ Q2 CY2016		
High Court of India approval	□ Q2 CY2016		
MoPNG approval	□ Q2 CY2016		
Transaction Completion	□ Q2 CY2016		

Group Structure



