## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KILLORAN LISHEEN MINING LIMITED

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Killoran Lisheen Mining Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 31 March 2022, which comprise the Income statement, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 1. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 101 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 March 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 101 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the director's report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year ended for which the financial statements are prepared is consitent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purpose of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the Company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Respective responsibilities

## Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the IAASA's website at: http://www.iaasa.ie/getmedia/b2389013-1cf6-458b-9b8f-a98202dc9c3a/Description\_of\_auditors\_responsibilites\_for\_audit.pdf.

## The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Aidan Kearney

For and on behalf of

Aida Kearrey

**Baker Tilly** 

Statutory Audit Firm

Joyce House

21-23 Holles Street

Dublin 2

Date: 08 July 2022

(Registration Number 253648)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

**DIRECTORS' REPORT** 

Composition of the group

The Company's immediate parent company is Vedanta Lisheen Holdings Limited. Vedanta Lisheen Holdings Limited is 100% owned by THL Zinc Holdings B.V., a company incorporated in the Netherlands. THL Zinc Holding BV is a subsidiary of Vedanta Limited. The ultimate parent company is Vedanta Resources Plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

**Future developments** 

There is not future development to be disclosed.

**Directors** 

The directors who served throughout the year are listed on page 1. The directors are not required to retire by rotation.

**Political donations** 

The company did not make any political donations during the year (2021: US\$nil).

**Accounting records** 

To ensure that proper accounting records are kept in accordance with Section 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems.

The accounting records are located at the company's office at The Forum Sandton, Johannesburg, Gauteng.

**Disclosure of information to Auditor** 

The directors in office at the date of this report have each confirmed that:

- as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's statutory auditors are unaware

- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's statutory auditors are aware of that information.

**Independent Auditors** 

Ernst & Young, resigned as auditors during the financial year and the directors appointed Baker Tilly to fill the vacancy.

The auditors, Baker Tilly have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of the section 383 (2) of the Companies Act 2014.

P. Singla Director

Date: 08/07/2022

P. Van Greunen Director

(Registration Number 253648)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### **DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with Irish law and regulations.

Irish Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company and of the profit or loss for that year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identifying those standards and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the directorship will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors' report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The annual financial statements as set out on pages 8 to 17 were approved by the board on 8 July 2022 and were signed on their behalf by:

P. Singla

Director

Date: 08/07/2022

P. Van Greunen

Director

(Registration Number 253648)

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Figures in US\$	Notes	2022	2021
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	851,664	1,571,475
Troperty, plant and equipment	,	851,664	1,571,475
Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	8	1,161,192	296,438
		1,161,192	296,438
Trade and other payables	9	(15,294)	(15,294)
Net Current Assets		1,145,898	281,144
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		1,997,562	1,852,619
Provision for liabilities and charges		-	-
Total Assets		1,997,562	1,852,619
Equity and Liabilities			
Capital and Reserves			
Called-up share capital - presented as equity	10	3	3
Other reserves		92,495	92,495
Profit and loss		1,905,064	1,760,121
		1,997,562	1,852,619
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,997,562	1,852,619

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on and signed on its behalf by:

Signed by:Pushpender Pushpender Signed at:2022-07-08 11:47:21 +02:00 Reason:I approve this document

Proud

P. Singla Director

Date: 08/07/2022

Signed by:Pieter van Greunen Signed at:2022-07-08 14:38:45 +02:00 Reason:I approve this document

eason:l approve this document

P. Van Greunen Director

(Registration Number 253648)
Annual Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2022

(Registration Number 253648)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

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(Registration Number 253648)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

**DIRECTORS** P. Singla

P. Van Greunen

REGISTERED OFFICE Deloitte & Touche House

Charlotte's Quay

Limerick V94X63C

SOLICITOR James J Kelly & Son,

Solicitors, Patrick Street, Templemore, Co. Tipperary

BANKERS Barclays Bank Plc

47/48 St. Stephen's Green

Dublin2

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS Baker Tilly

Joyce House

21-23 Holles Street

Dublin Ireland D02 YP92

COMPANY SECRETARY K. Quinn

(Registration Number 253648)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2022.

#### **Review of activities**

#### Main business and operations

The principal activity of the company is the development of a zinc/lead mine at Lisheen, Co Tipperary.

The company holds a 50% partnership share of the mine development at Lisheen and includes as income/(expenditure) its share of attributable partnership profits or losses. Any taxation attributable to the company's share of the partnership profits is reflected in these financial statements. The company's share of its attributable partnership net assets is reflected, in the statement of financial position, through amounts owed by group companies. Manufacturing operations ceased on 18th December 2015 due to the exhaustion of ore reserves at the mine. Management of Lisheen Mine Partnership is committed to actively pursuing the post closure sustainable development potential of the site.

#### Going concern

The directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider it reasonable to assume that the company has adequate resources to continue for the foreseeable future and for this reason, have continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

The directors of Killoran Lisheen Mining Limited have received confirmation that Vedanta Limited, an ultimate holding company of the company is fully prepared and able to support the company as necessary.

### **Events after reporting date**

The directors are not aware of any other material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

## **Directors' and secretary's interests**

The directors and secretary had no interests in the shares of the company at either 1 April 2021 or 31 March 2022.

None of the directors have notified the company secretary of any interests in the shares of the ultimate parent company and its related companies.

### Results

The result for the financial year ended 31 Marh 2022 is a profit of US\$144,943 (2021: loss of US\$87,285).

The directors did not declare a dividend.

#### Risks and uncertainties

All activity is carried on by Lisheen Mine Partnership, on behalf of the company. Management is Lisheen Mine Partnership has addressed the presence of risks and uncertainties and has adequately responded to same.

(Registration Number 253648)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### Composition of the group

The Company's immediate parent company is Vedanta Lisheen Holdings Limited. Vedanta Lisheen Holdings Limited is 100% owned by THL Zinc Holdings B.V., a company incorporated in the Netherlands. THL Zinc Holding BV is a subsidiary of Vedanta Limited. The ultimate parent company is Vedanta Resources Plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

### **Future developments**

There is not future development to be disclosed.

### **Directors**

The directors who served throughout the year are listed on page 1. The directors are not required to retire by rotation.

#### **Political donations**

The company did not make any political donations during the year (2021: US\$nil).

### **Accounting records**

To ensure that proper accounting records are kept in accordance with Section 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems.

The accounting records are located at the company's office at The Forum Sandton, Johannesburg, Gauteng.

### **Disclosure of information to Auditor**

The directors in office at the date of this report have each confirmed that:

- as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's statutory auditors are unaware
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's statutory auditors are aware of that information.

### **Independent Auditors**

Ernst & Young, resigned as auditors during the financial year and the directors appointed Baker Tilly to fill the vacancy.

The auditors, Baker Tilly have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of the section 383 (2) of the Companies Act 2014.

P. Singla P. Van Greunen
Director Director
Date: 08/07/2022 Date: 08/07/2022

(Registration Number 253648)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### **DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with Irish law and regulations.

Irish Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company and of the profit or loss for that year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identifying those standards and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the directorship will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors' report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The annual financial statements as set out on pages 8 to 17 were approved by the board on 8 July 2022 and were signed on their behalf by:

P. Singla	P. Van Greunen
Director	Director
Date: 08/07/2022	Date: 08/07/2022

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KILLORAN LISHEEN MINING LIMITED

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Killoran Lisheen Mining ('the Company') for the year ended 31 March 2022, which comprise the Income statement, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 1. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 101 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 March 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 101 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, these statements are not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the director's report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year ended for which the financial statements are prepared is consitent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purpose of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the Company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Respective responsibilities

### **Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements**

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the IAASA's website at: http://www.iaasa.ie/getmedia/b2389013-1cf6-458b-9b8f-a98202dc9c3a/Description\_of\_auditors\_responsibilites\_for audit.pdf.

This description forms part of our directors' report.

### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Aidan Kearney
For and on behalf of
Baker Tilly
Statutory Audit Firm
Joyce House
21-23 Holles Street
Dublin 2

(Registration Number 253648)
Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Figures in US\$	Notes	2022	2021
Share of attributable partnership loss		6,390	(1,019,021)
Profit from sale of fixed assets		424,477	978,019
(Loss)/Gain on foreign currency translation	4	(136,438)	5,561
Profit / (loss) before tax		294,429	(35,441)
Tax expense	6	(149,486)	(51,844)
Profit / (loss) for the year		144,943	(87,285)

(Registration Number 253648)

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Figures in US\$	Notes	2022	2021
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	851,664	1,571,475
Troperty, plant and equipment	•	851,664	1,571,475
Comment Assets			
Current Assets Trade and other receivables	8	1,161,192	296,438
Trade and other receivables	O	1,161,192	296,438
Trade and other payables	9	(15,294)	(15,294)
Net Current Assets		1,145,898	281,144
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		1,997,562	1,852,619
Provision for liabilities and charges		-	-
Total Assets		1,997,562	1,852,619
Equity and Liabilities			
Capital and Reserves			
Called-up share capital - presented as equity	10	3	3
Other reserves		92,495	92,495
Profit and loss		1,905,064	1,760,121
		1,997,562	1,852,619
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,997,562	1,852,619

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on and signed on its behalf by:

P. Singla P. Van Greunen Director

Date: 08/07/2022 Date: 08/07/2022

(Registration Number 253648)
Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

		Capital	Retained	
Figures in US\$	Share capital	contribution	earnings	Total
Balance at 1 April 2020	3	92,495	1,847,406	1,939,904
Total comprehensive loss for the year		,	, ,	
Loss for the year			(87,285)	(87,285)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-		(87,285)	(87,285)
Balance at 31 March 2021	3	92,495	1,760,121	1,852,619
Balance at 1 April 2021	3	92,495	1,760,121	1,852,619
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year			144,943	144,943
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		144,943	144,943
Balance at 31 March 2022	3	92,495	1,905,064	1,997,562

(Registration Number 253648)
Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 1. General information

Killoran Lisheen Mining Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The registered office of the Company is in Deloitte & Touche House, Charlotte's Quay, Limerick, Ireland.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards issued FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland) and Companies Act 2014.

### Summary of significant accounting policies

The company prepares its financial statements denominated in US dollars. The principal accounting policies adopted by the company are set out below.

### **Basis of preparation**

The company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS 100 (Financial Reporting Standard 100) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The financial statements have therefore been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 (FRS 101) Reduced Disclosure Framework, as defined above. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

FRS 101 sets out a reduced disclosure framework for a 'qualifying entity' as defined in FRS 101 which addresses the financial reporting requirements and disclosure exemptions in the financial statements of qualifying entities that otherwise apply the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of EU-adopted IFRS.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 2.

The following exemptions from the requirements of IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

The following paragraphs of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements':

- 10(d), (statement of cash flows),
- 10(f) (a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period when an entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively or makes a retrospective restatement of items in its financial statements. or when it reclassifies items in its financial statements),
- 16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS),
- 38A (requirement for minimum of two primary statements. including cash flow statements),
- 38B D (additional comparative information),
- 40A D (requirements for a third statement of financial position),
- 134-136 (capital management disclosures).
- IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows'

(Registration Number 253648)

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### General information continued...

Paragraph 30 and 31 of IAS 8 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors' (requirement for the disclosure of information when an entity has not applied a new IFRS that has been issued but is not yet effective)

The requirements in IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group.

Paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13, 'Fair value measurement' (disclosure of valuation techniques and inputs used for fair value measurement of assets and liabilities)

Disclosure requirements of IFRS 9: Financial Instruments

Where relevant, equivalent disclosures have been given in the group accounts of Vedanta Resources Plc. The group accounts of Vedanta Resources Plc are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 12.

#### Going concern

The directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider it reasonable to assume that the company has adequate resources to continue for the foreseeable future and for this reason, have continued to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

The directors of Killoran Lishenn Mining Limited have received confirmation that Vedanta Limited, an ultimate holding company of the company is fully prepared and able to support the company as necessary.

### **Basis of accounting**

The company prepares its financial statements denominated in US dollars on the historical cost basis of accounting.

The company includes as income/(expenditure) its share of attributable partnership profits or losses in its statement of comprehensive income. The company's share of its attributable partnership net assets is reflected, in the statement of financial position through amounts owed by group companies.

### **Tangible Assets**

### **Freehold Land**

Freehold land is stated at cost. Depreciation is not provided on freehold land.

### **Mining Assets**

Mining assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation. Cost includes development and exploration expenditure for the establishment of access to mineral reserves, evaluation and commissioning expenditure, capitalised costs of borrowings and pre-production costs relating to expenditure incurred prior to the commencement date of operations.

Mine development expenditure is amortised over the estimated economic life of the mine using the unit of production method.

### **Impairment**

At each statement of financial position date, the net book value of assets is reviewed and compared to its recoverable value. Expected future cash flows from the assets are discounted to their present values in determining the recoverable amount. If the recoverable amount is less than the unamortised cost of the asset then the deficiency arising is provided for to the extent that, in the opinion of the directors it represents a permanent diminution in the value of the asset. Where provision is made it is dealt with in the statement of comprehensive income in the financial year in which it arises as additional depreciation.

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### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### General information continued...

Impairment losses which have been previously recognised are reversed only if the asset has increased in value and that increase in value arises due to a change in economic conditions or a change in the expected useful life of the asset. The recognition of a reversal of impairment is credited to the statement of comprehensive income to the extent of the original recognition of the impairment.

#### Income tax

Corporation tax is provided on taxable profits at current attributable rates. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date. Deferred tax is not recognised on permanent differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are regarded as recoverable. They are regarded as recoverable to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing difference can be deducted.

### **Dividends**

Dividends to ordinary shareholders are recognised as a liability of the company when approved by the company's shareholders.

#### Foreign currency translation

#### **Functional and presentation currency**

The functional currency of the company is US dollars.

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies relating to revenues, costs and non-monetary assets are translated to US dollars at the spot rate of exchange prevailing at transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to US dollars at the rate of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. The resulting profits or losses are dealt with in the statement of comprehensive income.

### **Employee benefit obligations**

### **Short-term employee benefits**

The company had no employees during the financial year (2021: nil).

### 2. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that arenot readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to berelevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Killoran Lisheen Mining Limited considers the following areas as the key sources of estimation uncertainty:

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Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### General information continued...

### **Impairment**

Management reviews its property, plant and equipment, including mining properties, for possible impairment if there are events or changes in circumstances that indicate that carrying values of the assets may not be recoverable. In assessing the property, plant and equipment for impairment, factors leading to significant reduction in profits such as changes in commodity prices, business plans and changes in regulatory environment are taken into consideration. The carrying value of the assets of a cash generating unit (CGU) is compared with the recoverable amount of those assets, that is, the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Recoverable value is based on the management estimates of commodity prices, market demand and supply, economic and regulatory climates, long-term plan, discount rates and other factors. Any subsequent changes to cash flow due to changes in the above-mentioned factors could impact the carrying value of the assets.

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Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# **NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Figures in US\$

### 3. Employees and remuneration

The company had no employees during the financial year (2021: nil)

4. Foreign currency translation	2022	2021
(Loss)/Gain on foreign currency translation	(136,438)	5,561
	(136,438)	5,561

## 5. Profit/(Loss) before tax

Director's remuneration and auditor's remuneration are borne by Lisheen Mine Partnership, a related entity. Any further disclosures required under Section 305 and Section 306 of the Companies Act 2014 are nil for both years.

6. Taxation	2022	2021
Based on the company's share of attributable profits from Lisheen Mine Partnership:		
Corporation tax charge for the financial year	149,486	(127,750)
Deferred tax credit	-	75,906
Current tax	149,486	(51,844)
The tax on profits differs from the charge at the standard rate of tax for the following reasons:  Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before tax  Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before tax multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax	294,429 36,804	(35,441) (4,430)
of 12%		
Factors affecting tax charge:		
Non taxable infome and non deductible expenses	(36,804)	4,430
Amount taxed at a higher rate	149,486	(127,750)
Adjustment in resprect of prior year	-	75,906
Current tax credit for the financial year	149,486	(51,844)

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Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

### **NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Figures in US\$	

7. Property, plant & equipr	ment
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	Freehold Land	
	US\$	Total US\$
Cost:		
At 1 April 2021	1,614,373	1,614,373
Reclassification	-	-
Disposals	-	-
At 31 March 2022	1,614,373	1,614,373
Depreciation and Impairment:		
At 1 April 2021	648,442	648,442
Charge in the financial year	-	
Disposals	-	
At 31 March 2022	648,442	648,442
Net Book Value:		
At 31 March 2022	851,663	851,663
At 31 March 2021	1,571,475	1,571,475

Following a review by the directors in accordance with the provisions of International Accounting Standard 36 "Impairment of Assets", and based on the current market value of land, the directors consider that the recoverable amount of tangible assets exceeds the carrying value. As such, there was no impairment charge for the years ended 31 March 2021 (2020, nil).

8. Trade and other receivables	2022	2021
Amounts owed by group companies	765,412	270,608
Other debtors	395,780	25,830
	1,161,192	296,438
Intercompany balances are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.		
9. Trade and other payables	2022	2021
Corporation tax	15,294	15,294
	15,294	15,294
10. Called-up share capital presented as equity	2022	2021
Authorised 15,000,000 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each	15,000,000	15,000,000
Issued 3 Ordinary shares of US\$1 each	3	3

### Other reserve

Other reserve pertains to the capital contribution made by the Parent on 31 March 2020.

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### **NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Figures in US\$

### 11. Dividend

A dividend of \$nil was declared and paid during the year.

### 12. Parent and ultimate holding company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Vedanta Lisheen Holdings Limited, incorporated in Ireland. Vedanta Limited is the smallest group company which prepares consolidated financial statements that are available to the public. The ultimate parent company is Vedanta Resources Plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The consolidated financial statements of Vedanta Resources Plc may be obtained from the Companies House, Cardiff, Wales.

### 13. Event after the reporting date

The directors are not aware of any other material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

## 14. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 8 July 2022.